

Year 8 Curriculum Journey

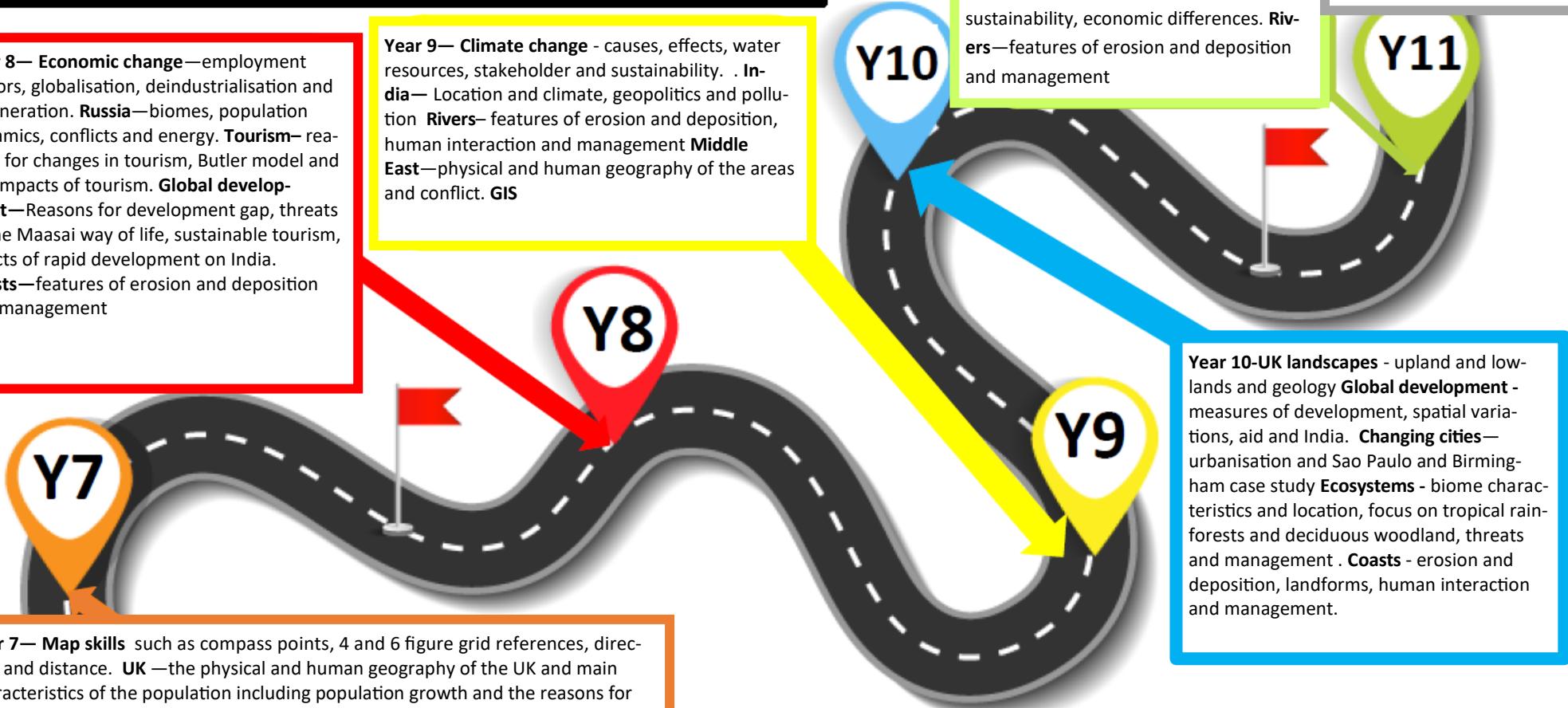
Geography 5 Year Curriculum. The Geography curriculum builds up over 5 years, starting with an in depth foundation study of the earth, its structure, atmosphere and landscapes. Pupils are taught key concepts of the physical world, and then towards the end of year 7 are taught about how people interact with the world, and then move into key human concepts. Over time the curriculum is then sequenced, to provide pupils with a greater understanding of key themes natural hazards, rivers, coasts, ecosystems, population, migration, development and sustainability. Pupils are taught case studies and in depth country studies to widen their understanding of geographical concepts. By year 11 pupils will have studied and been taught each geographical concept three times, in greater depth each time, spiralling through the content to deepen their knowledge and understanding.

Year 8—Economic change—employment sectors, globalisation, deindustrialisation and regeneration. **Russia**—biomes, population dynamics, conflicts and energy. **Tourism**—reasons for changes in tourism, Butler model and the impacts of tourism. **Global development**—Reasons for development gap, threats to the Maasai way of life, sustainable tourism, effects of rapid development on India. **Coasts**—features of erosion and deposition and management

Year 9—Climate change - causes, effects, water resources, stakeholder and sustainability. . **India**— Location and climate, geopolitics and pollution **Rivers**— features of erosion and deposition, human interaction and management **Middle East**—physical and human geography of the areas and conflict. **GIS**

Year 11—coastal fieldwork - data collection methods and presentation, analysis and evaluations. . **Weather hazards and climate change** - global circulation, tropical storms, droughts, causes and effects of climate change. **Urban fieldwork** - data collection methods and presentation, analysis and evaluations. **UK challenges** - sustainability, economic differences. **Rivers**—features of erosion and deposition and management

Next steps - A level Geography covers many of the topics that we have covered over the five year course at Graham school including coasts, plate tectonics, global development and globalisation, regeneration , water and energy and superpowers. You can also study A Level Geology.



Skills that pupils will learn during their curriculum journey that are required for Geography: Use of an atlas. Map Skills – including 4/6 figure grid references, types of OS Maps, Symbols and scale. Fieldwork skills, including sketch maps, use of photographs, and annotations of maps, graphs and photographs. Decision making. Graphical skills including – selection of appropriate graphs, use of a range of graphs e.g. choropleth, isoline, proportional symbols, desire/flow lines and dot maps. Number/statistics – including the use of these to describe patterns and relationships. Use of qualitative and quantitative data. Argument/Enquiry. GIS.